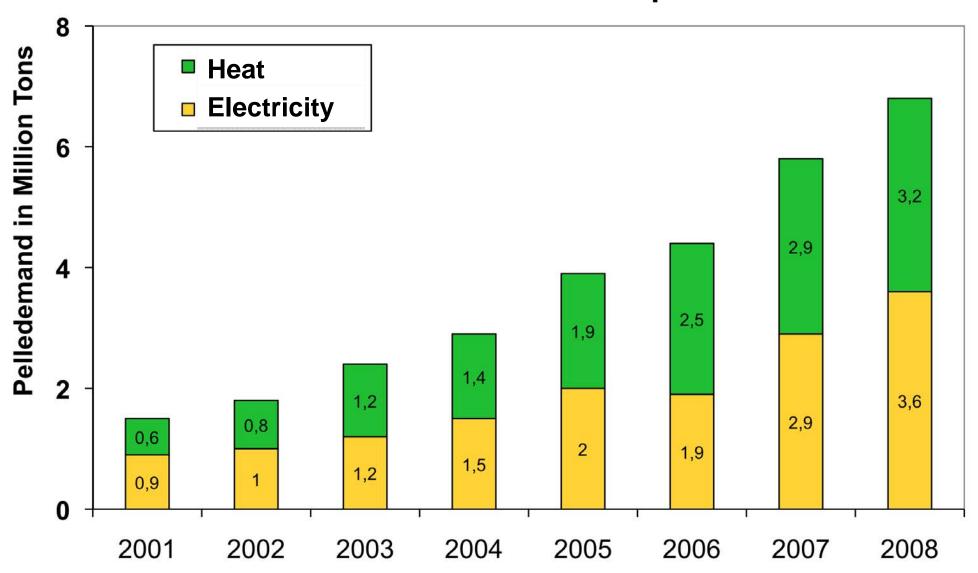


Cofiring wood pellets in Europe

Christian Rakos, proPellets Austria

Pellet Demand in Europe



Quellen: pellet@tlas, Bioenergy International

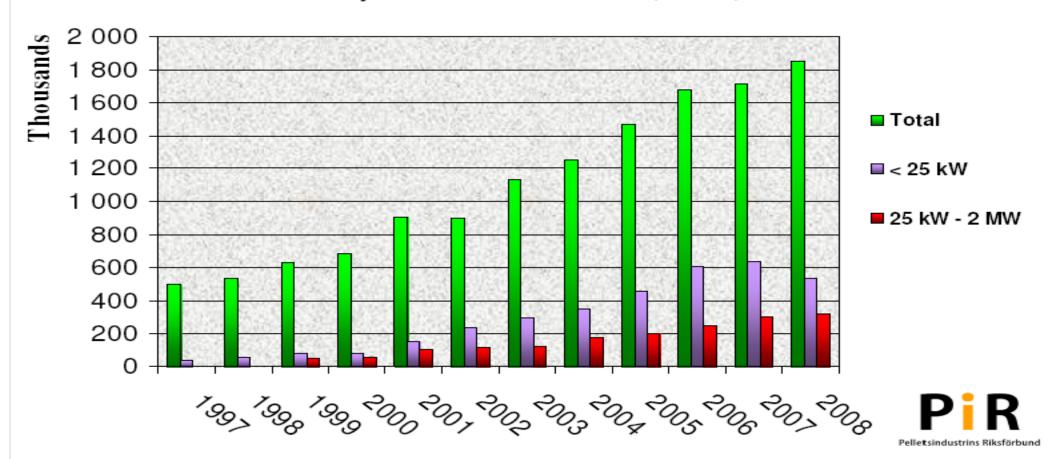
Cofiring created the first significant market for pellets in Europe!

- >>> Hässelby power plan in Stockholm was the first coal plant to convert to pellets
- >> 300 MWth CHP plant
- Pellets made to ship sawmill residues from the north



Swedish pellets production 1997-2008

Delivery to the Swedish market (tonnes)



The next countries to use pellets for cofiring were Belgium & Netherlands

- Both countries have few indigenous wood ressources & political committements for increased RES use
- >> Need for import evident
- >>> Low capital requirement for conversion
- Willities: Electrabel / SUEZ in Belgium, Essent / RWE in Netherlands

Why cofiring is attractive: low cost renewable energy

	Source: Verkenning Schoon & Zuinig, 2009		
Cost including base tariff [€ct/kWh]	2012	2015	2020
Waste to Energy (WtE) *	5.9	6.3	7.7
Wind onshore	8.7	8.7	8.7
Biomass co-firing	8.1	8.9	10.3
Wind offshore	15.9	14.2	11.3
Small-scale biomass **	13.4	14.1	15.4
Hydropower	19.1	20.3	22.4
Solar-PV	47.3	40.2	26.0
Base tariff	6.6	7.0	8.4

^{*} Cost for WtE only known for 2008 [ECN 2008].

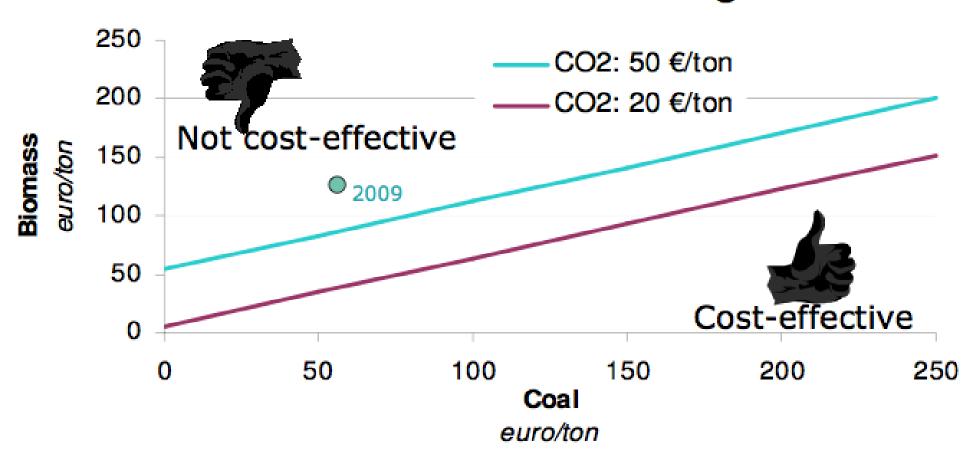
Source: Essent Biomass

Conference 2009

^{**} This is the average of several biomass option [from Verkenning S&Z, 2009]

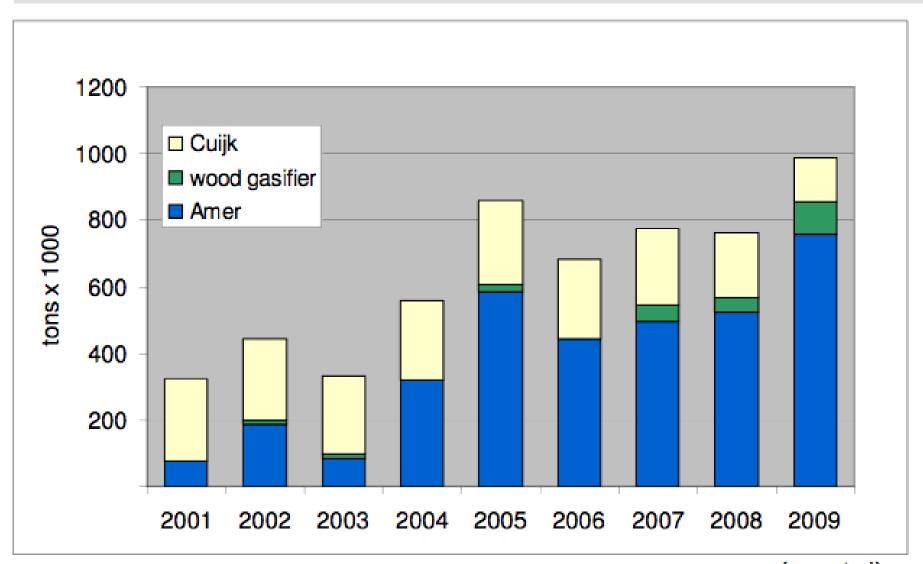
The influence of coal and CO2 costs of pellet competitivity

Break-even biomass co-firing

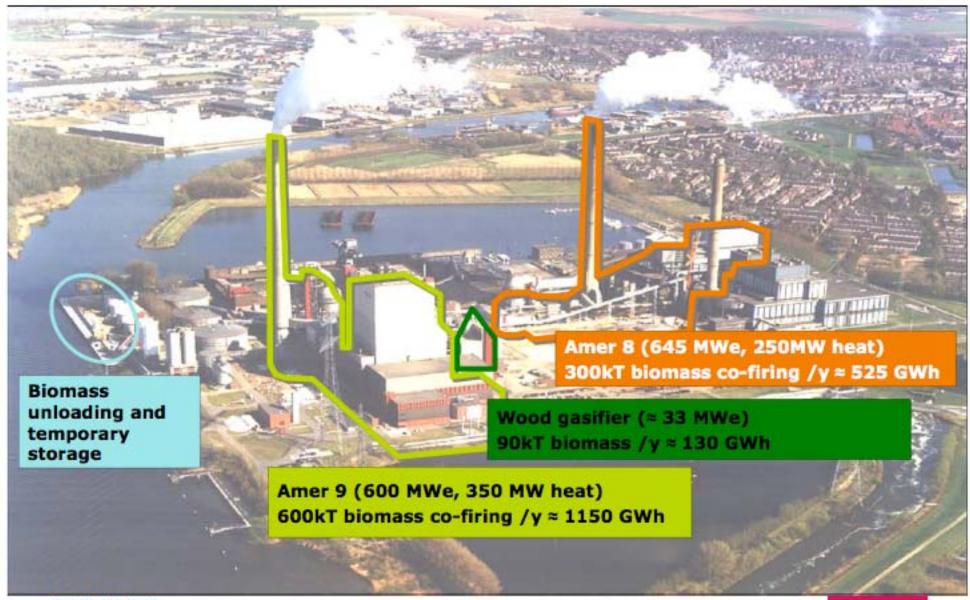


Source: Essent, Essent Biomass Conference 2009

Cofiring in the Netherlands



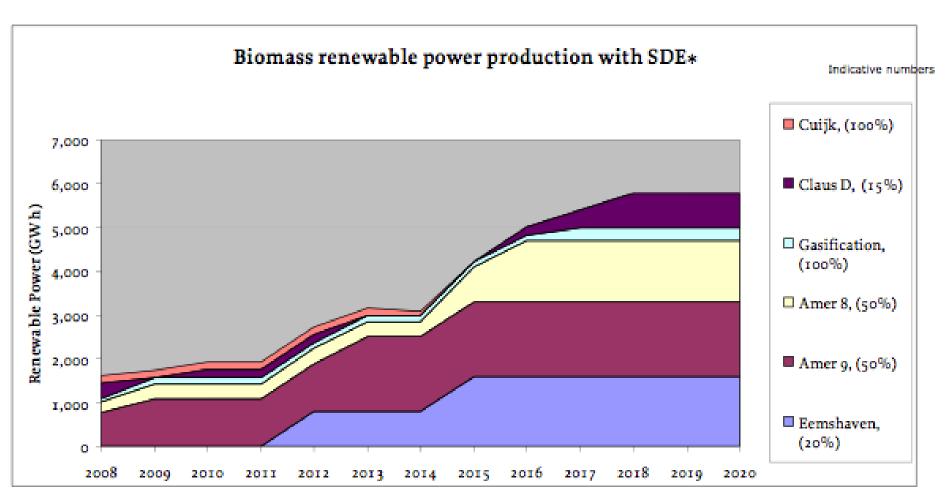
Amer: the largest European co-firing power plant







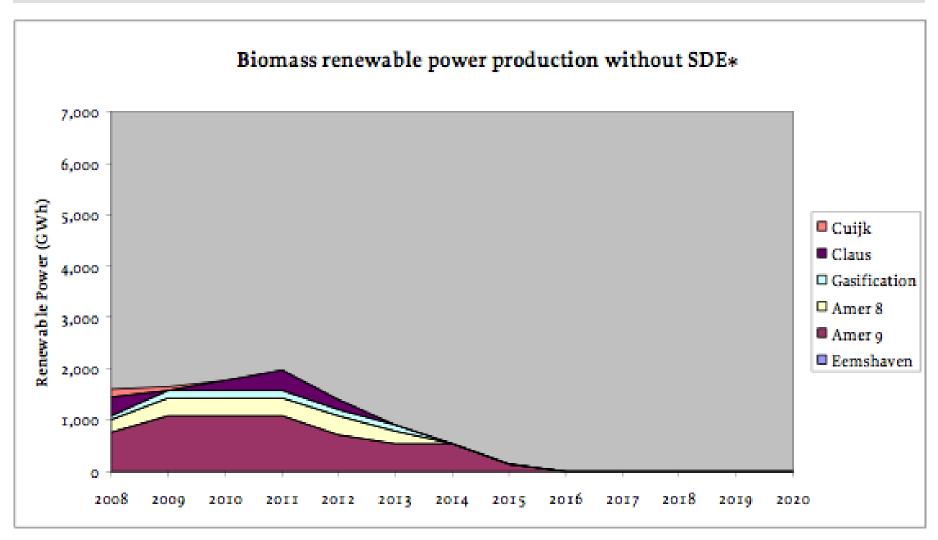
Projections for cofiring in the Netherlands with subsidies



Source: Essent, Essent Biomass Conference 2009



And without subsidy however



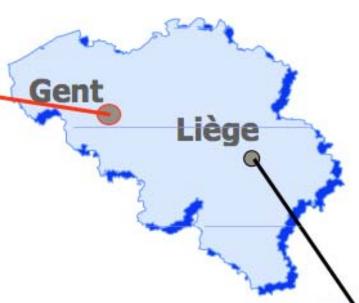
Source: Essent, Essent Biomass Conference 2009

Cofiring in Belgium / by GDF SUEZ



BE: WOOD PELLETS: about one million ton per year







LES AWIRS 80 MW = 100%

RODENHUIZE 2nd step: 110 MW

= 60%

Both plants commissioned in Aug 2005



NL: Gelderland (Nijmegen) co-firing >20% wood pellets (energy based)



500.000 tons/a fresh (8 PJ) woodpellets

- ➤ General contractor: Geldof (Belgium)

 Turnkey construction of biomass installation
- Pellets Unloading, transport, precleaning
- Storage, milling & transport to burners
- ➤Co-injection in primary air-coal dust lines
- Connection just before each burner (to prevent blockages in splitters)
- 24 blowers + 24 pneumatic lines to each burner

Coal fired power plant 600MWe

- •built end 1970's
- equiped with DeNOx, DeSOx
- ≥867.000 MWhe per year or 132 MWe
- >787 kton CO2 avoided per year
- ➤ Commissionning scheduled for Febr. 2010



Developments in other countries / by other utilities

- WUK country with the greatest potential for growth: 27 projects with 18 Mill tons of pellet demand are discussed
- >>> Dedicated power plants rather than cofiring are considered in UK: wood chip option?
- >>> Utilities with serious plans to expand pellet use: VATTENFAL, EON, DONG, RWE, GDF-SUEZ

So whats the trends?

- >>> Utilities trying to go upstream to secure supply
- »No significant addition to demand 2011
- >>> After 2012 huge increase in demand projected
- Uncertainties remain regarding policies in NL and UK
- >>> BUT strongly supporting EU policies



Certification of pellets: quality & sustainability

- Power producers very interested in establishing standard certification system
- Power sector demands clear requirements for sustainability from the EU
- >>> EN + could become such a system that serves both heat market and power market needs

Conclusions

- >>> Strong market growth can be expected after 2012
- >> Certification of pellet production will become indispensable
- Wholesale dealers can make life significantly easier for producers
- Please support index providers
- Better pellet quality will give the producer the flexibility to serve both heat and electricity markets
- Dont put all eggs in one basket!



Thank you for your attention!