An Overview of the Use of Pellet Fuel to Replace Coal in Power Generation



William Strauss, President, FutureMetrics June 8, 2023



FutureMetrics LLC [™]

FutureMetrics provides due diligence services, information and analysis, operations guidance, and strategic advice.

FutureMetrics combines <u>decades of experience in the pellet sector</u> with deep operational expertise, powerful sector focused financial modeling skills, and thought leading market awareness.

An Important and Needed Component for the Decarbonization of the Power Generation Sector

Replacing Coal with Upgraded Sustainably Produced Solid Fuel

First, the reasons that the decarbonization matters...

Climate change

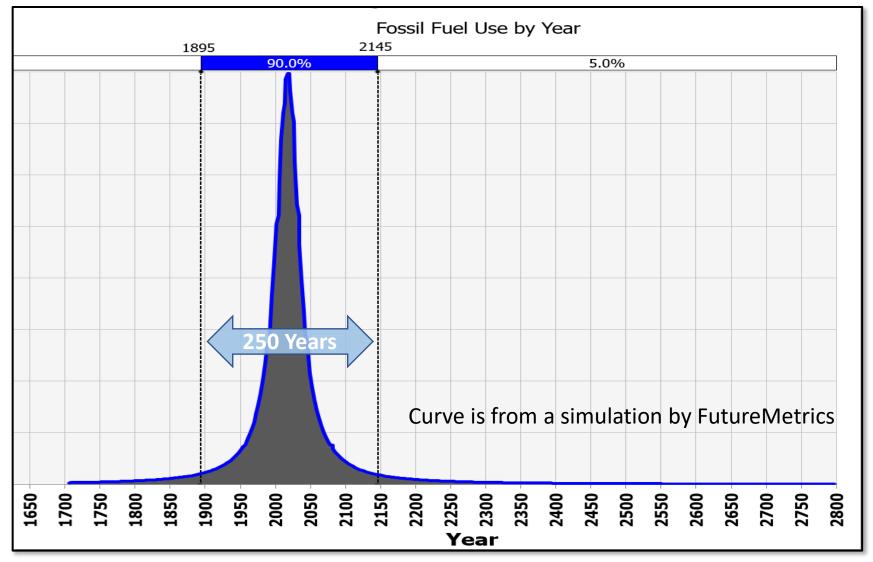
and the need to mitigate CO₂ emissions

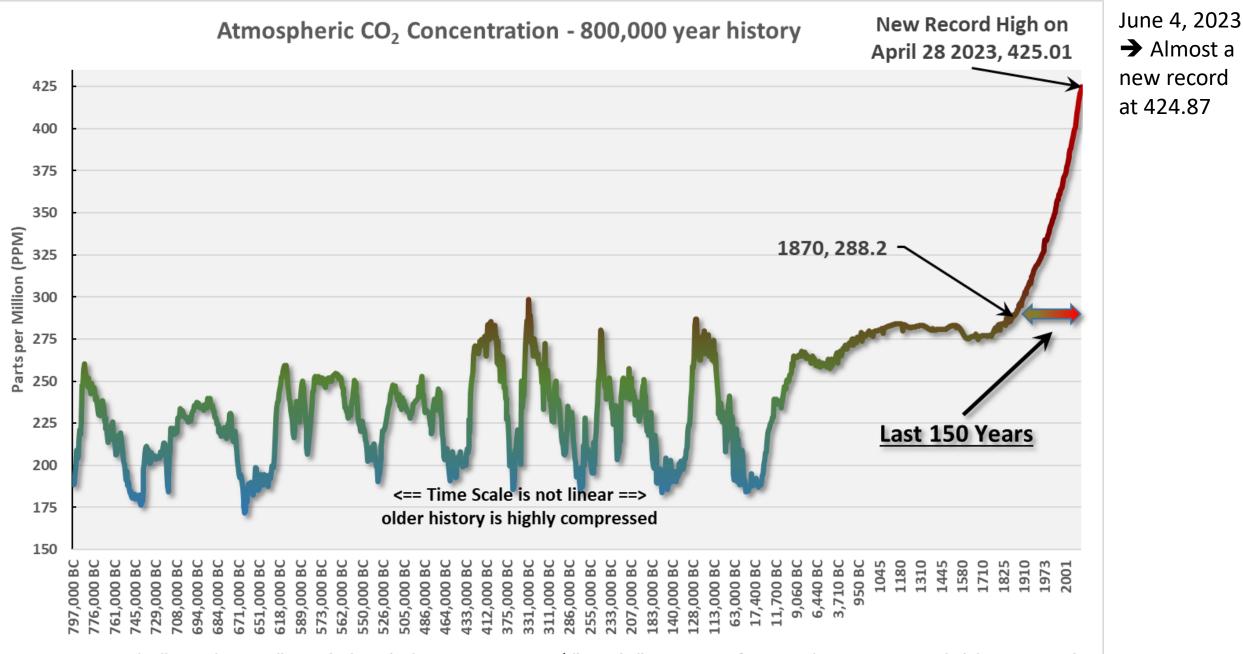
And part of the solution for replacing depleting energy sources with renewable energy sources

Depletion and CO₂ Emissions are Linked.

We will release most of the geologic carbon <u>sequestered over hundreds of</u>

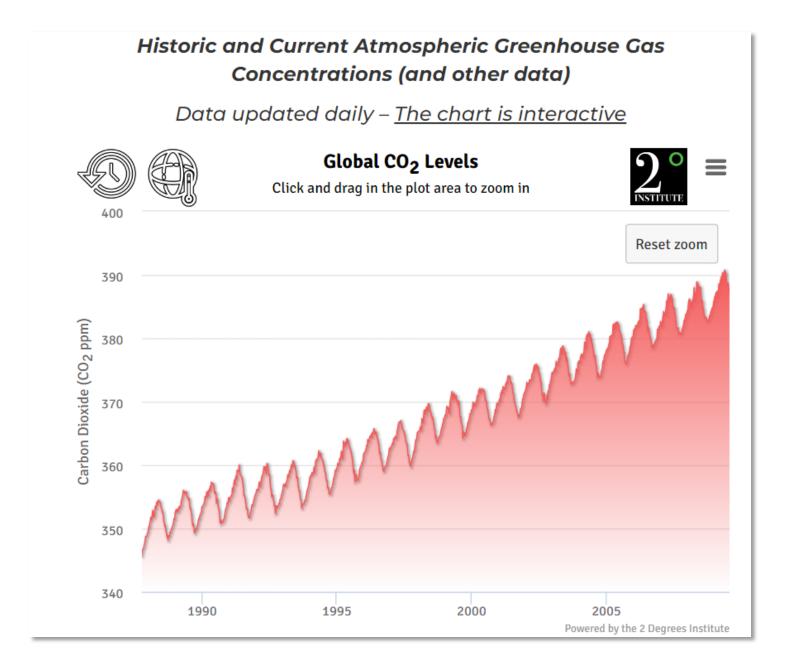
millions of years over a span of about 250 years.

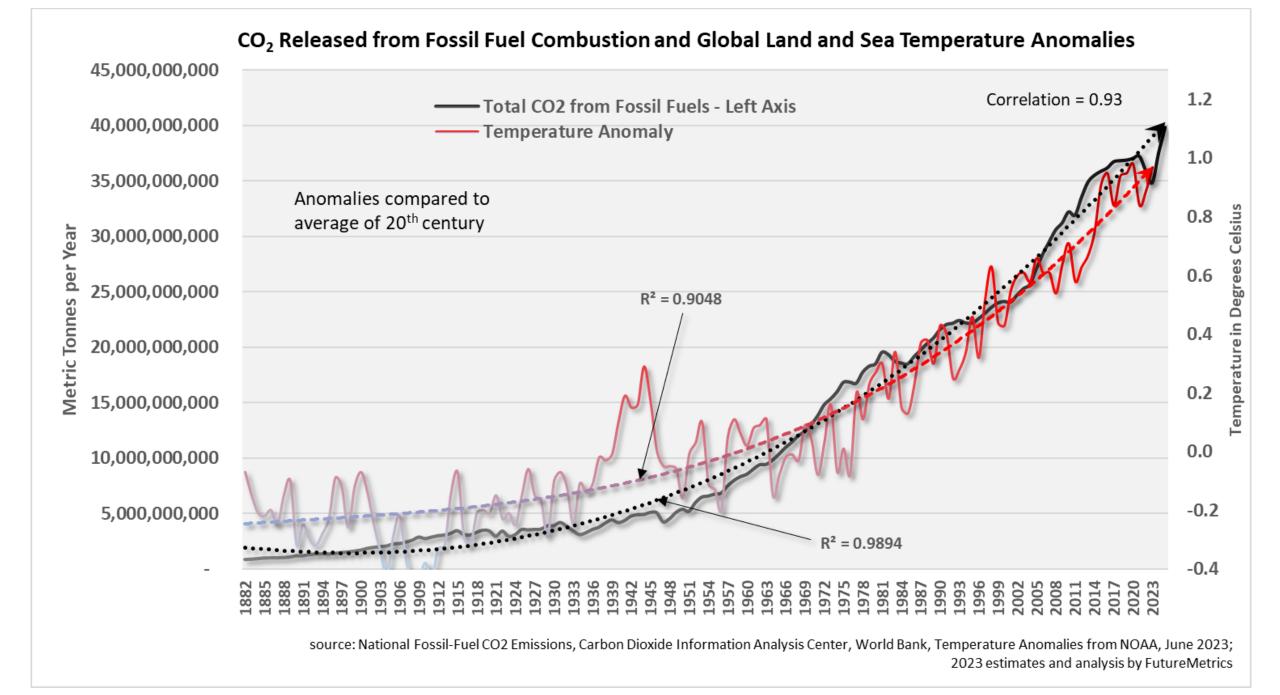




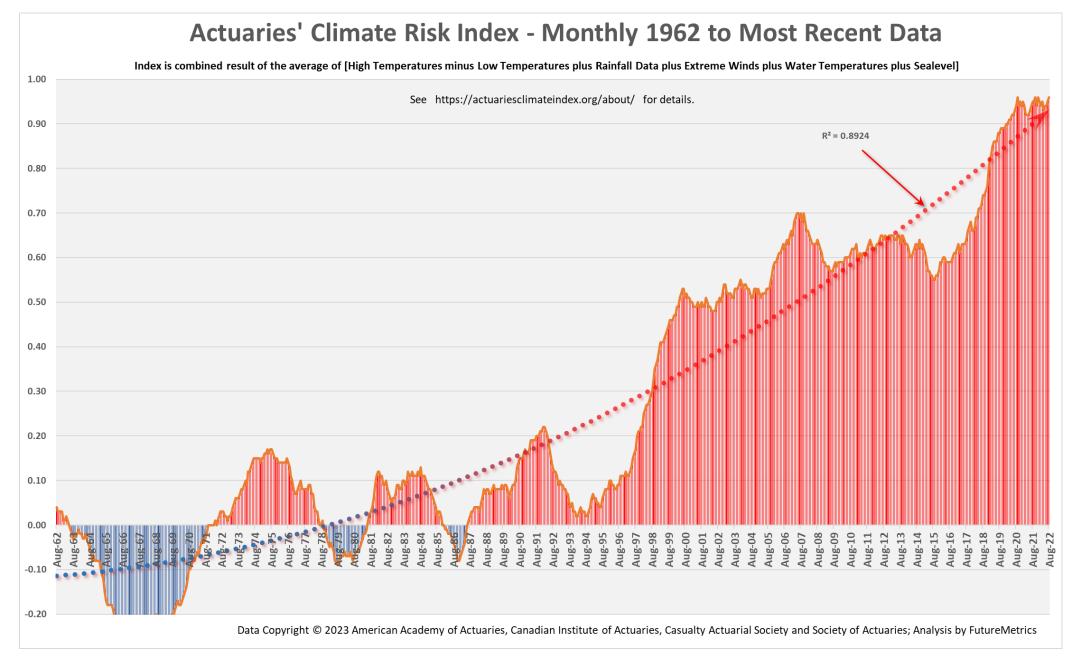
Source: EPA's Climate Change Indicators in the United States: www.epa.gov/climate-indicators; NOAA for recent data; June 2023, analysis by FutureMetrics

From an interactive chart on the FutureMetrics homepage





The consequences are not only <u>Environmental and Ecological but are also</u> <u>Economic</u>!



Insurer cites "growing catastrophe exposure" as it stops new sales in California

Rebecca Falconer

f **y** in **x**



Firefighters battle the Coastal Fire in Laguna Niguel, California, in May 2022. Photo: Wally Skalij/Los Angeles Times via Getty Images

State Farm says it's no longer accepting homeowner insurance applications in California due to "historic increases in construction costs outpacing inflation" and "rapidly growing catastrophe exposure" to <u>extreme weather</u> events like wildfires.

Why it matters: Multiple studies show <u>climate change</u> is <u>influencing the frequency</u> and severity of extreme weather events, <u>increasing the risk</u> of wildfires and also the <u>proportion of storms</u> that reach major hurricane status of Category 3 or above.

Upgraded Sustainably Produced Solid Fuel?



These are advanced pellets produced using the Valmet continuous steam treatment process. Produced at the EdB 120,000 tonnes per year plant in Reims, France.

Pellets are waterproof, higher bulk and energy density than white pellets, produce almost zero dust in handling, and do not self heat.



Carbohydrates replacing Hydrocarbons Biomass derived solid fuel substituting for coal is a pragmatic and rational strategy for the transition to a decarbonized power sector.

- Leverages existing coal power stations and can be deployed NOW.
- Produces baseload or load-following renewable power.
 - Compliments and supports the variability and intermittency of wind and solar power.
- Creates many more jobs per MWh than any other renewable power source.
- Is carbon neutral in combustion.

Carbon Neutral?

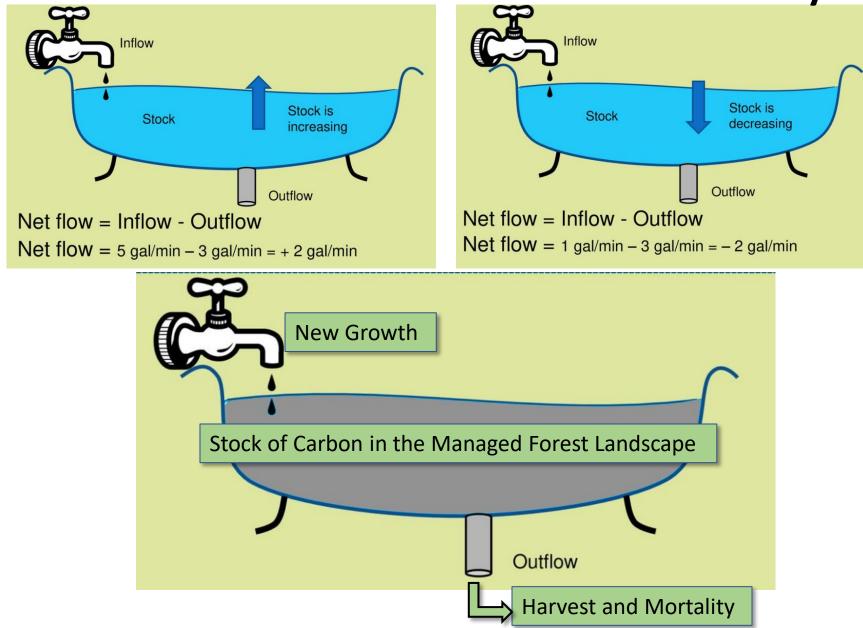
If sourced from the <u>harvest residuals</u> of <u>sustainably managed</u> forests and the <u>residuals from sawmill operations</u>, wood pellets are carbon neutral in combustion*.

FIRST and ABSOLUTELY NECCESARY CONDITION: If the annual harvest rate across the managed forest landscape is less than or equal to the annual growth rate, then the stock of carbon held in the forest is not shrinking.

So, every molecule of CO₂ that is emitted in combustion is absorbed by the new growth more or less contemporaneously.

*As with any fuel that must be mined, refined, and transported, there is a carbon footprint associated with the fossil fuels used within the supply chain.

The basics of net carbon steady state...



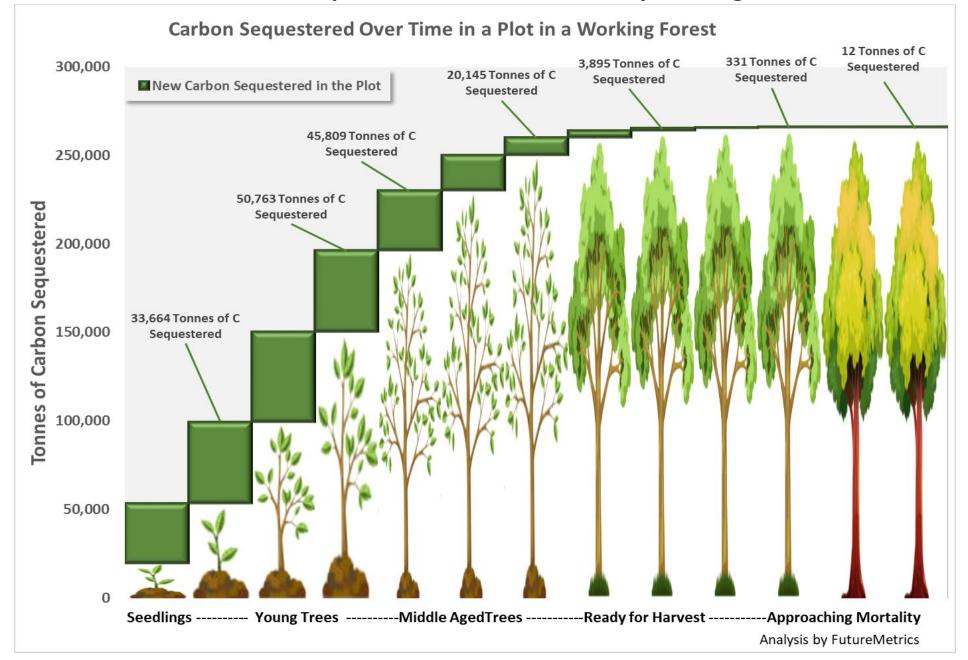
If the growth rate equals or exceeds the drain rate, the net carbon held in the forest is not decreasing.

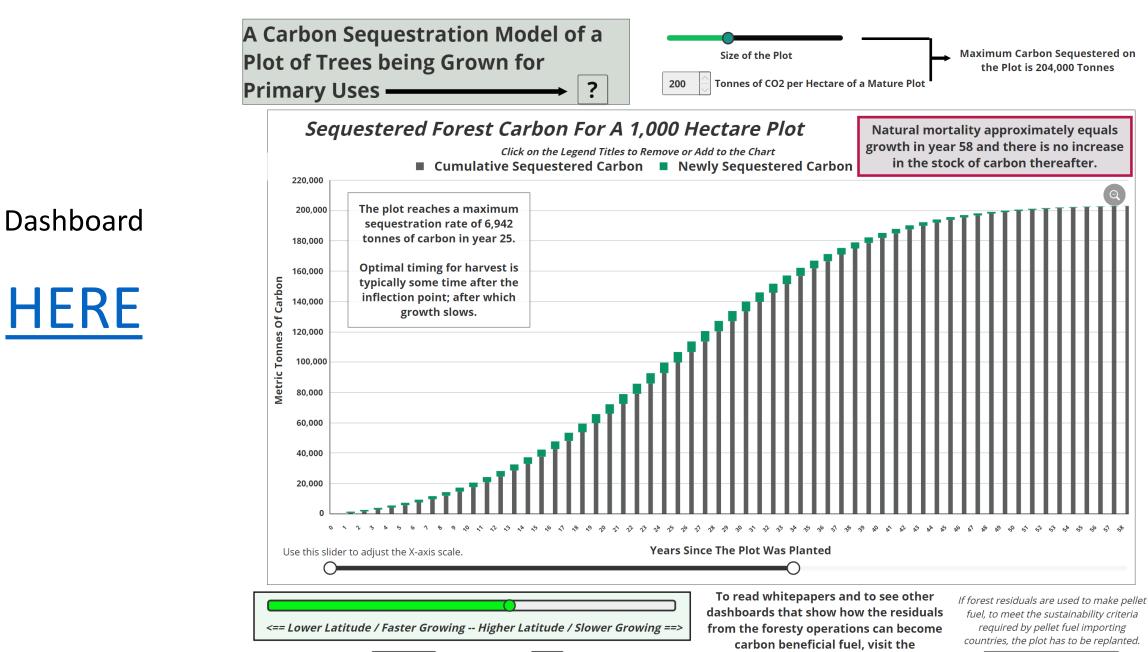
The equivalent quantity of molecules of CO₂ emitted from the biomass from that managed landscape that is used for energy are absorbed by the new growth.

The atmosphere sees no net new CO₂.

Carbon neutral in combustion!

The "bathtub" has a limit to what it can hold. Plots in a managed forest reach a carbon stock equilibrium. There is no sequestration benefit after XX years of growth.





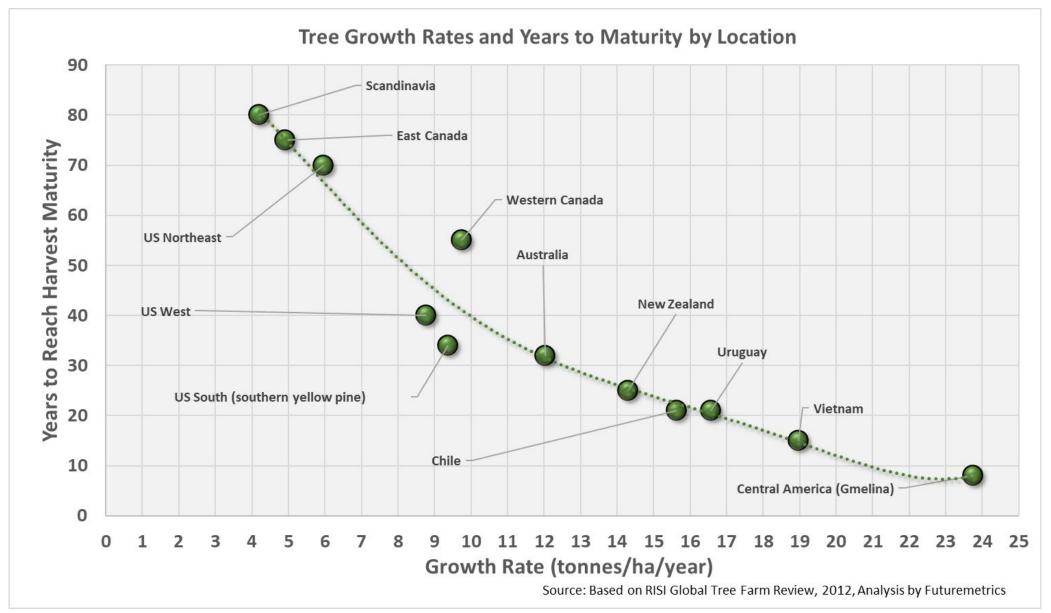
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The farther north (northern hemisphere) you go, the more patient the tree farmer must be...

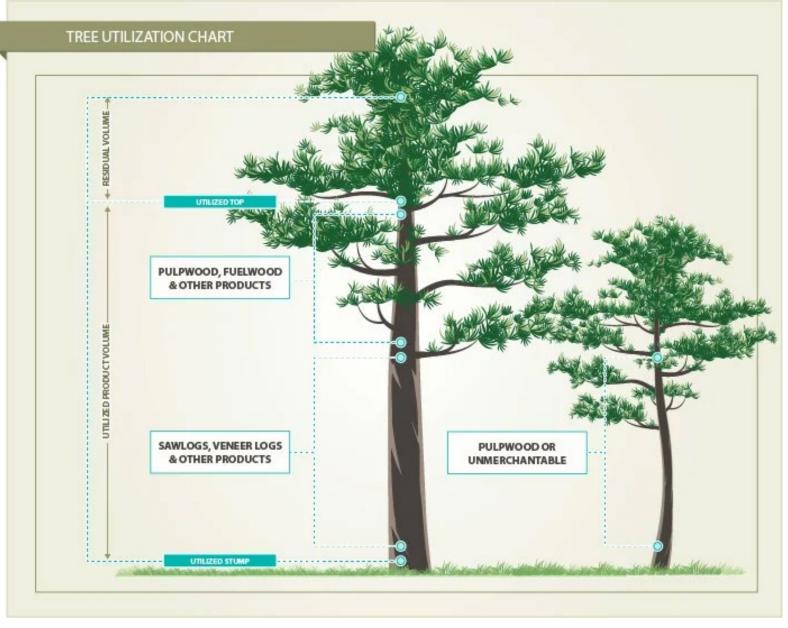


Most of the harvested timber does not end up as wood pellet fuel.

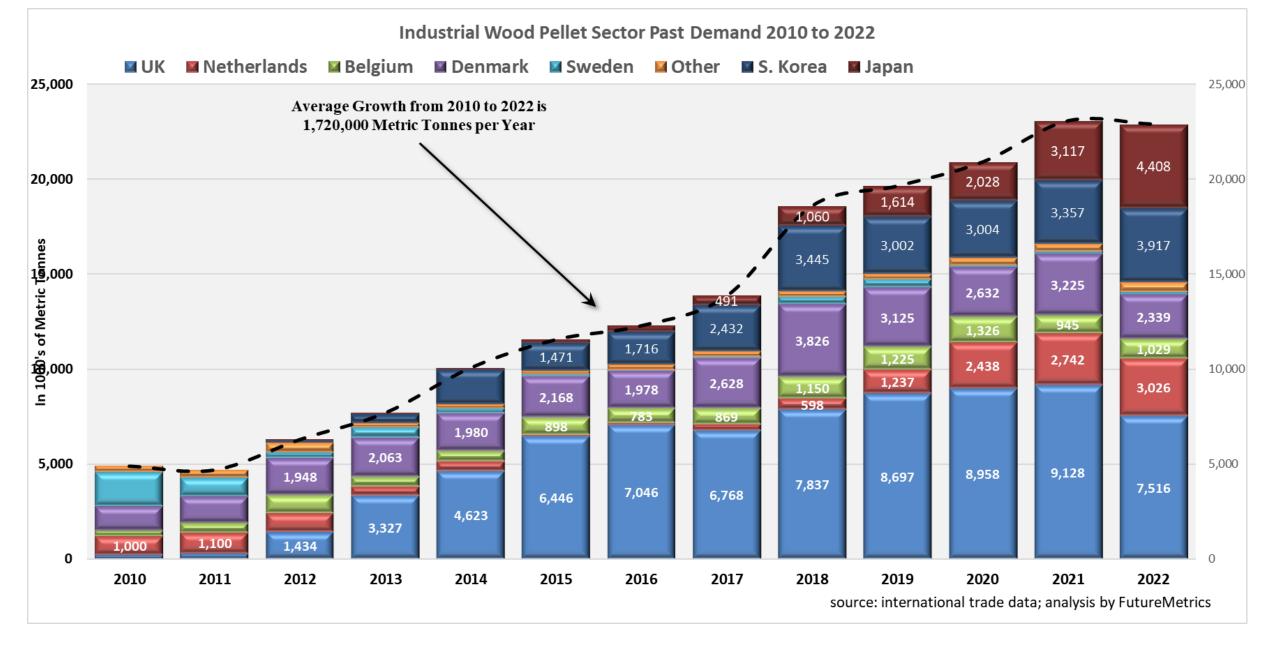
Much of the harvested timber from managed working forests becomes lumber, furniture, flooring, pallets, packaging, tissue, and paper. <u>The "sawmill residuals" (around the edge of the sawlog and sawdust) and the parts of the tree not</u> <u>suitable for traditional forest products manufacturing become feedstock for pellet manufacturing</u>.



"Forest Residuals" are the parts of the harvested tree that are not suitable for primary industries such as lumber, flooring, furniture, paper, packaging, and tissue production.

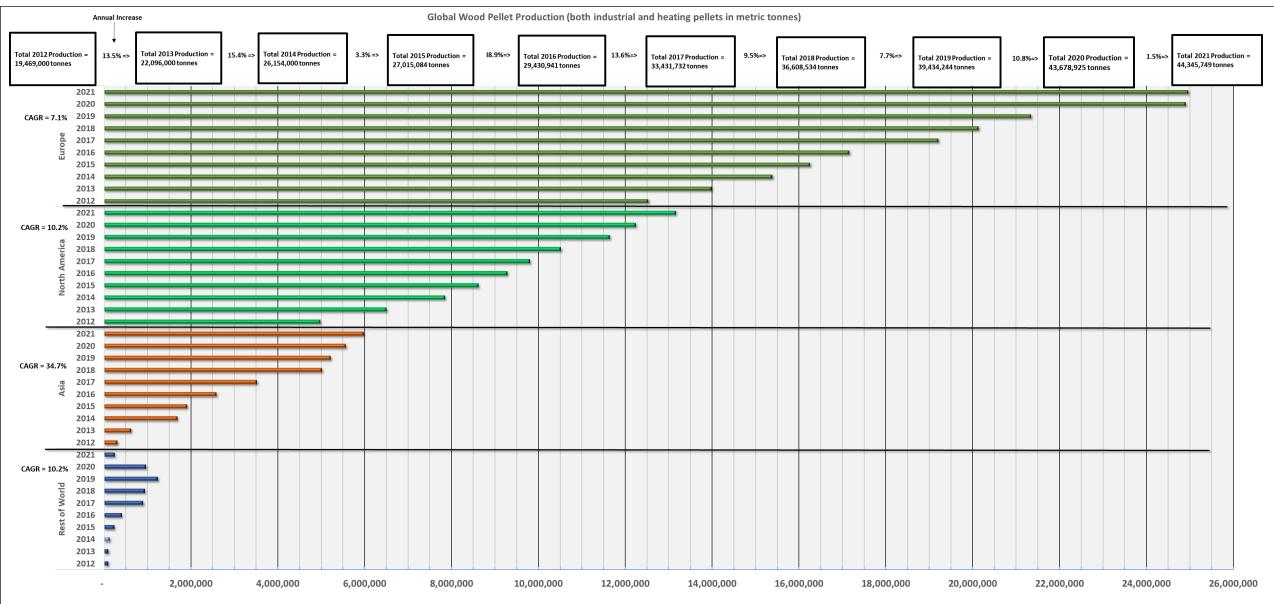


An Overview of the Markets for these Energy Pellets made from a Non-depleting Resource



<u>Total Pellet Production</u> by Region (includes both heating and industrial pellets)

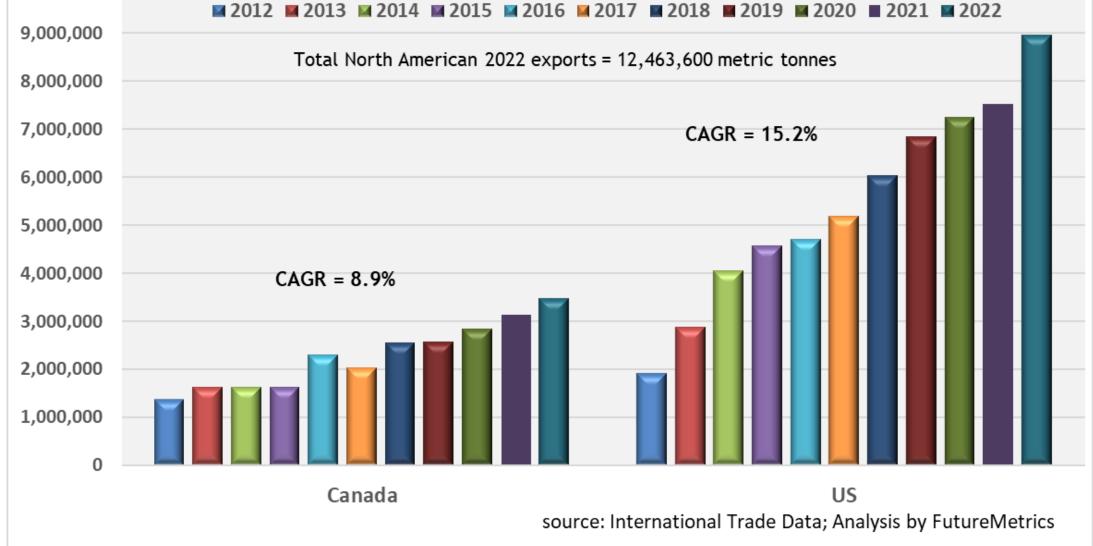
44.35 million metric tonnes in 2021

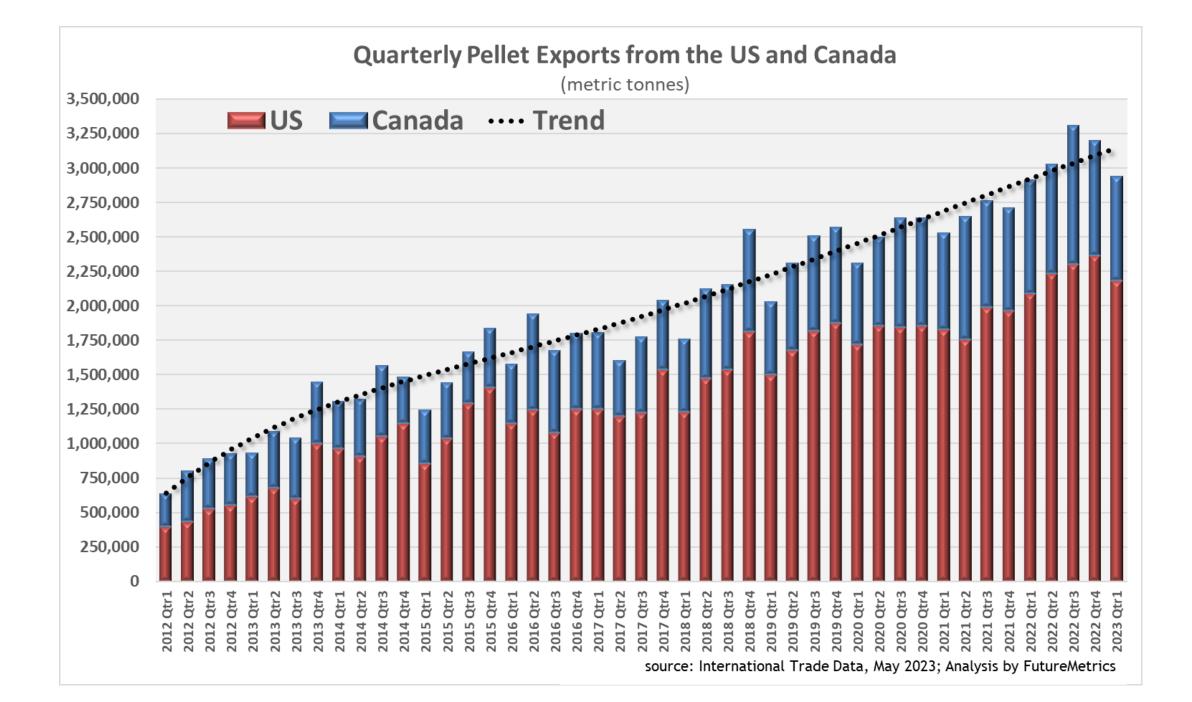


Source: Data from Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, January 2023, Analysis by FutureMetriics

North America Pellet Exports (metric tonnes)

10,000,000





What about the Western US?

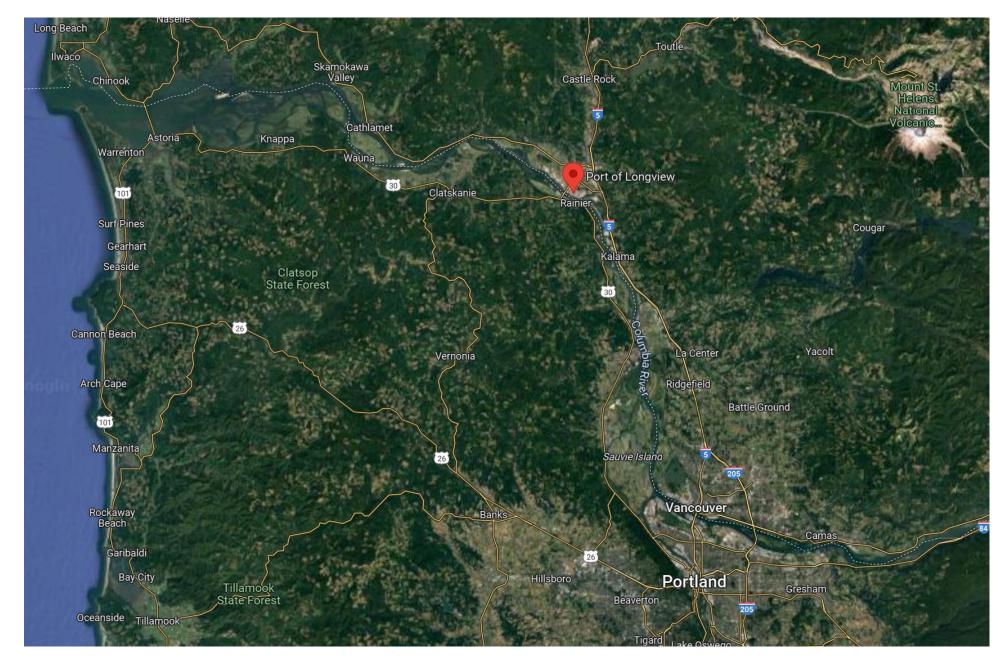
Insurance giant Allstate followed State Farm in halting home insurance policies for Californians.

The moves come amid increasingly disastrous wildfires in the state.

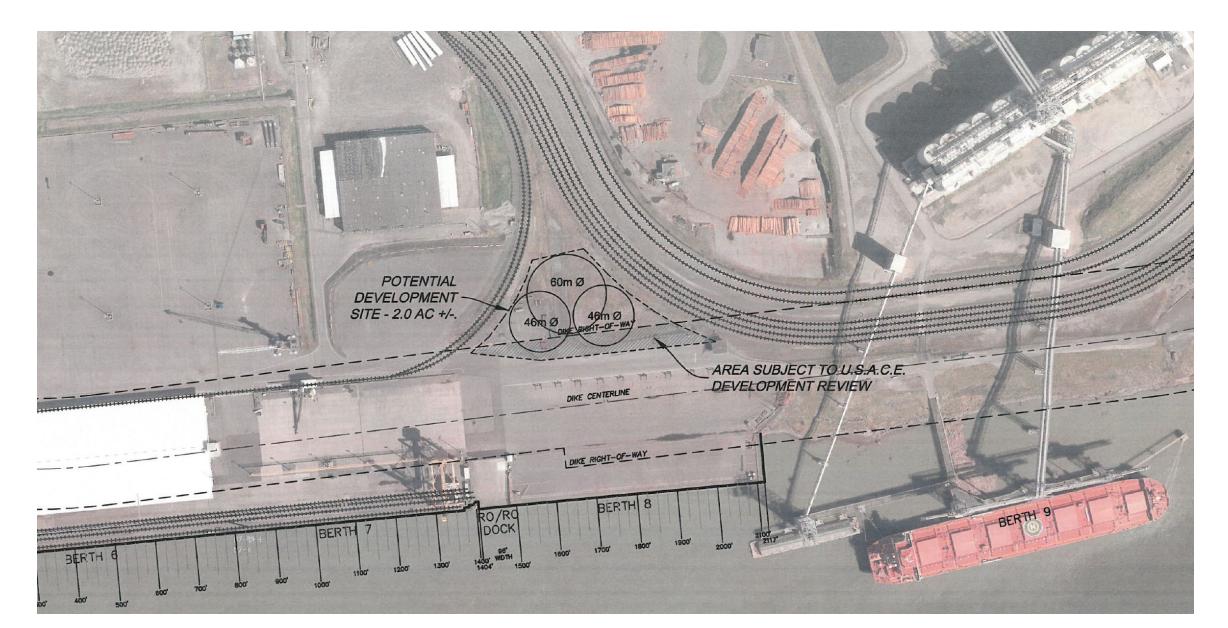


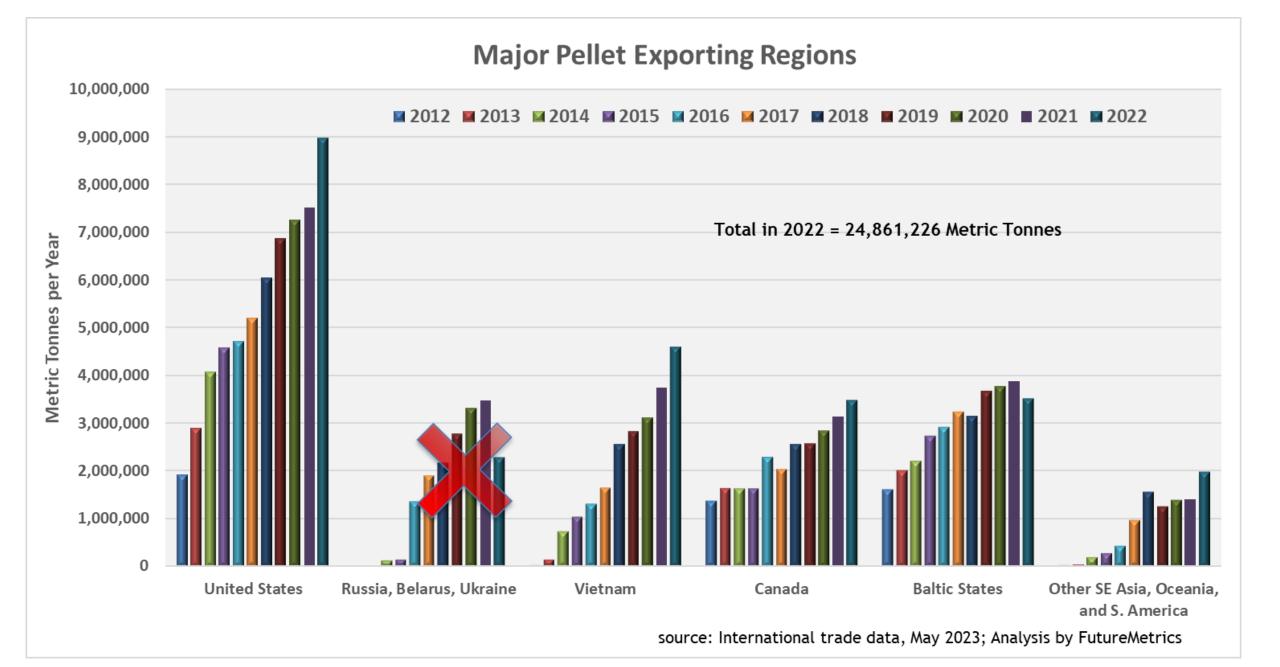
Will wood costs be subsidized by fire mitigation treatment contracts?

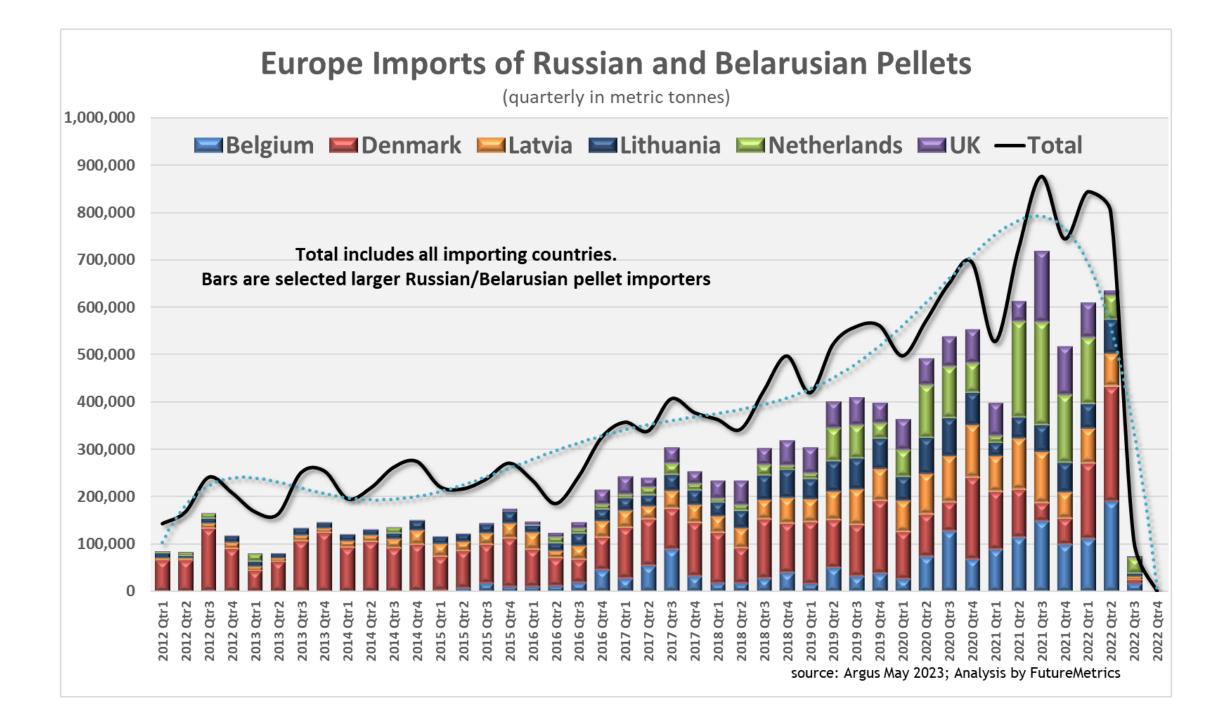
Drax announces a 450,000 t/yr newbuilt pellet plant in Longview, Washington, that includes the development of a new port facility at the same location, both expected to begin commissioning in 2025.

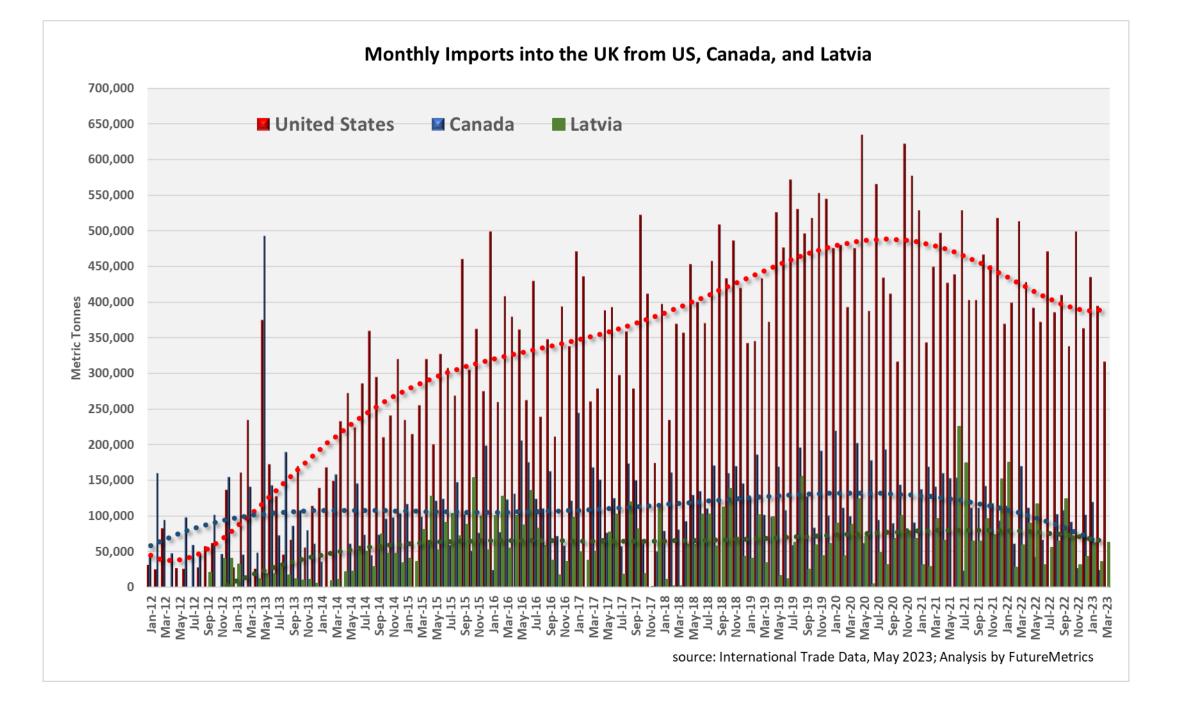


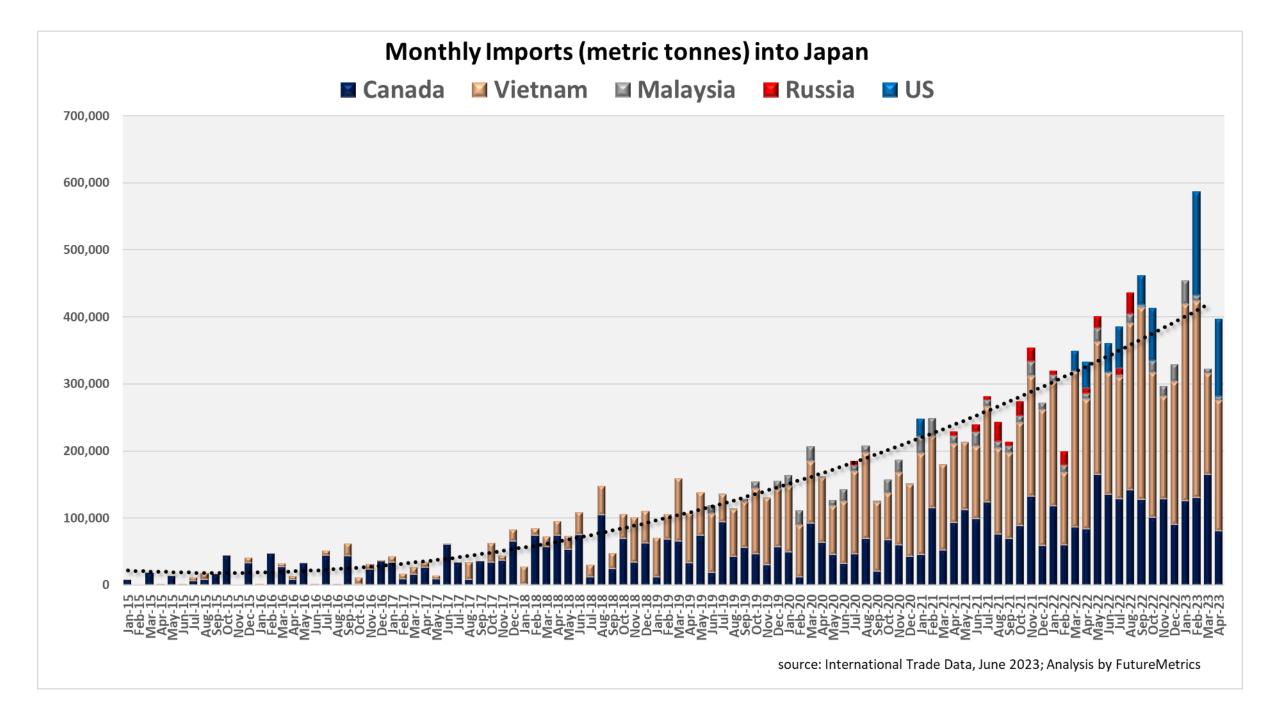
FutureMetrics does not know the exact location of the Drax project. A few years ago we located a spot for one large or two smaller domes at the port of Longview for a client.

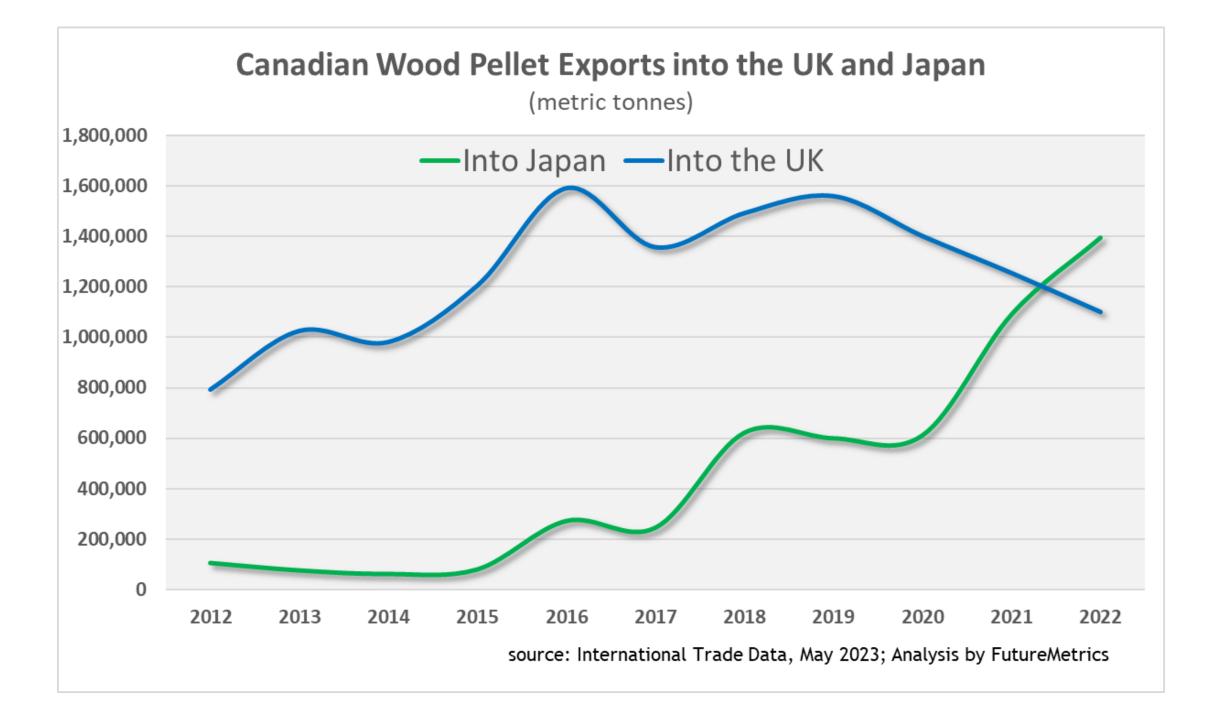


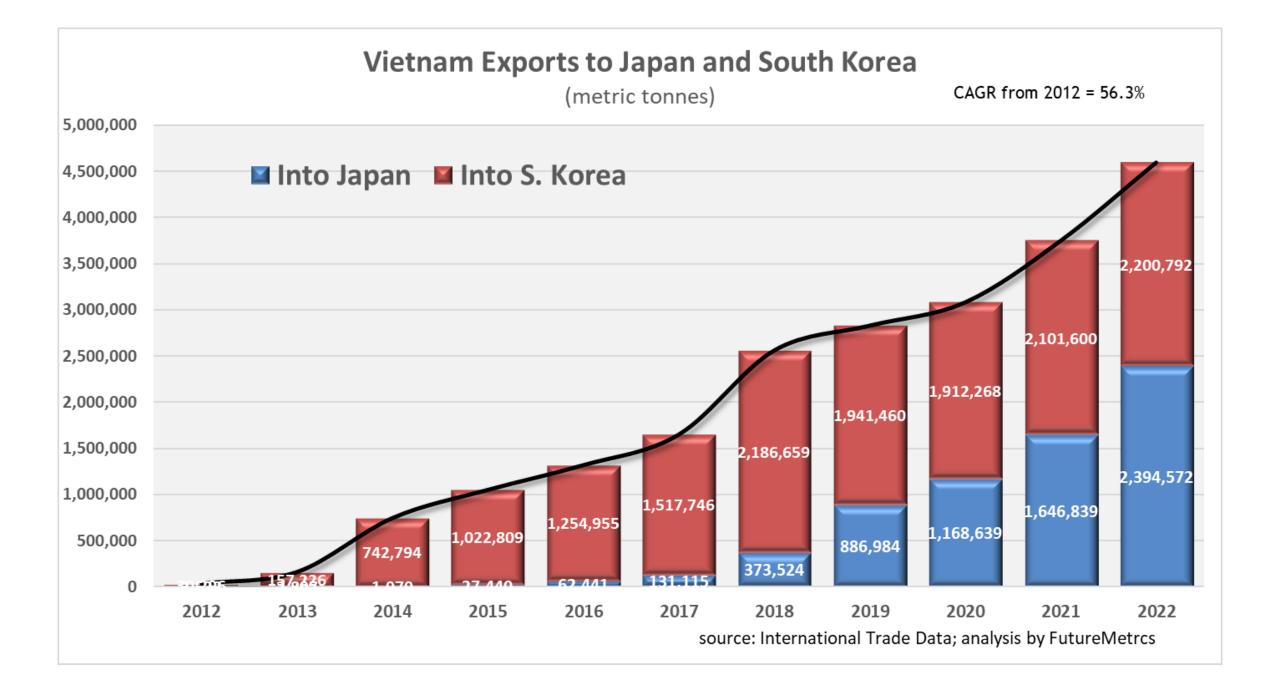


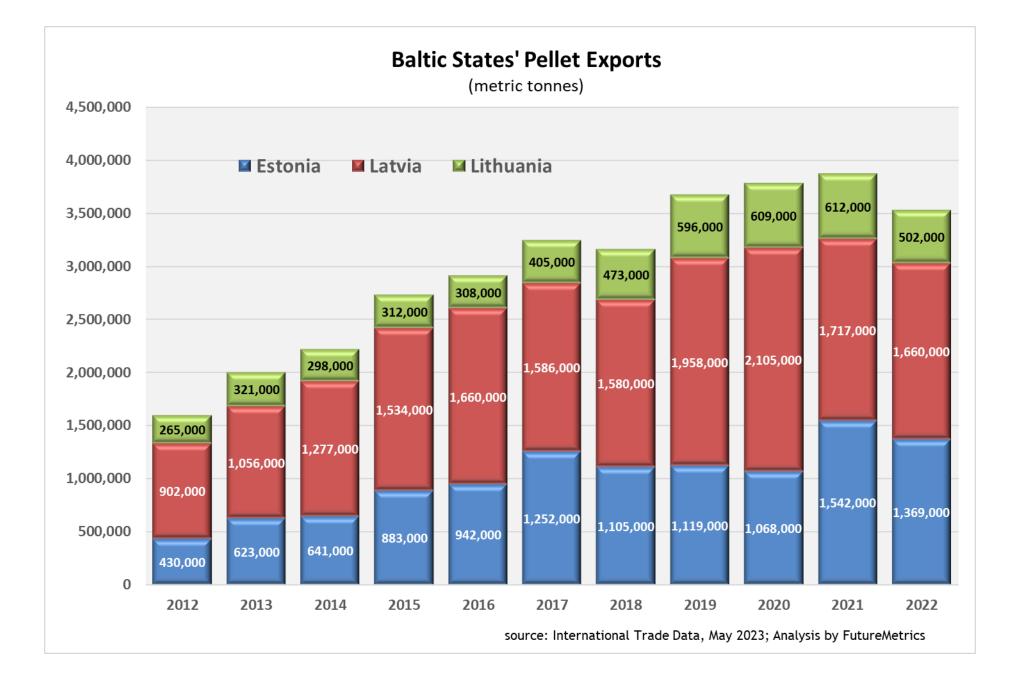


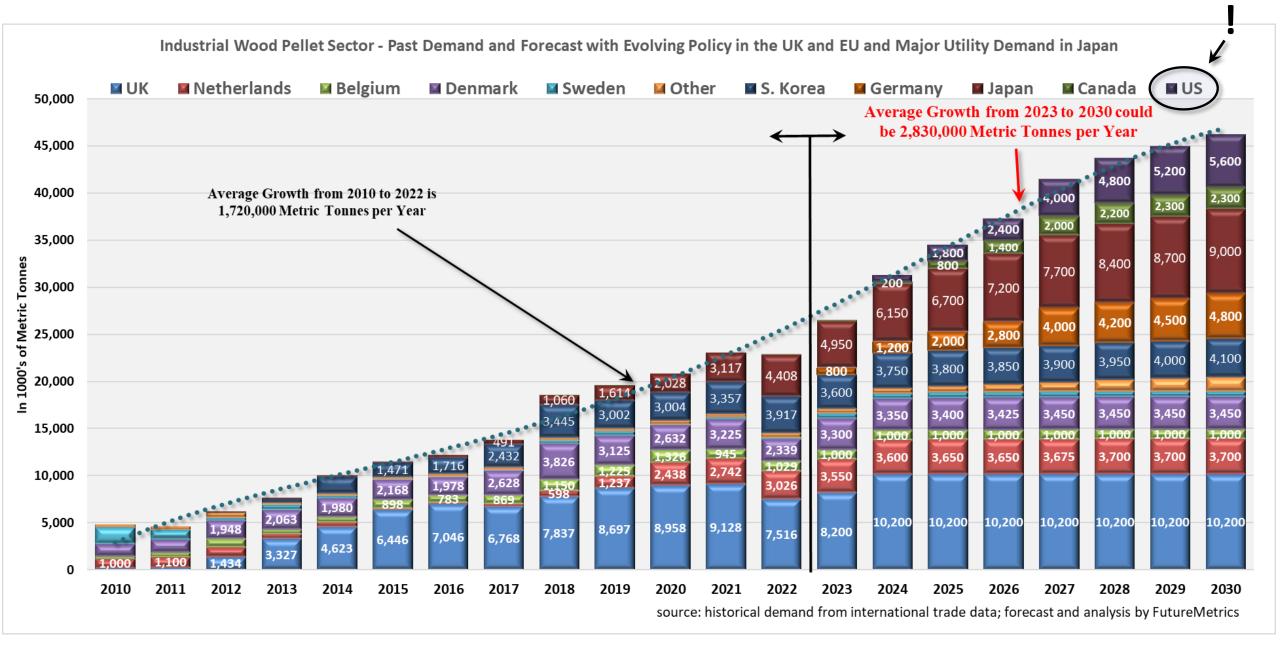




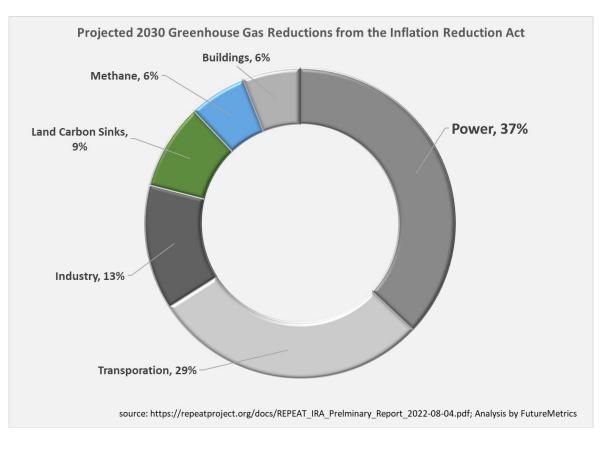








The "Inflation Reduction Act" (IRA) will support the build out of Bioenergy Carbon Capture and Storage (BECCS) in the US. The lowest cost and most efficient pathway to carbon negative is to replace coal with pellets in existing pulverized coal power stations and add CCS.



A selection of "new" coal fueled power stations

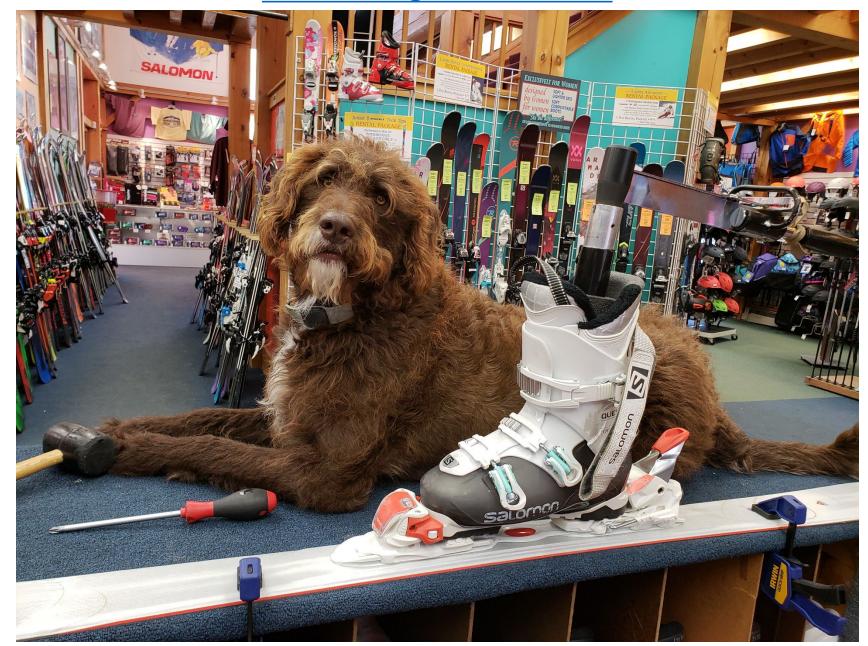
Station Name	Capacity (MW)	Age (Years)
Arizona - Springerville Generating Station - Unit 4	458	13
Arkansas - John W. Turk Jr. Power Plant - Unit 1	609	10
Arkansas - Plum Point Energy Station - Unit 1	720	12
Colorado - Comanche Generating Station - Unit 3	857	12
Illinois - Dallman Station - Unit 4	230	13
Illinois - Prairie State Energy Campus - Unit 1	883	10
Illinois - Prairie State Energy Campus - Unit 2	883	10
Iowa - Walter Scott Jr. Energy Center - Unit 4	923	15
Kentucky - Spurlock power station - Unit 4	329	13
Kentucky - Trimble County Generating Station - Unit 2	834	11
Missouri - Iatan Generating Station - Unit 2	914	12
Missouri - John Twitty Energy Center - Unit 2	300	11
Nebraska - Nebraska City Station - Unit 2	738	13
Nebraska - Whelan Energy Center - Unit 2	248	11
North Carolina - James E. Rogers Energy Complex - Unit 6	910	10
South Carolina - Cross Generating Station - Unit 3	591	15
South Carolina - Cross Generating Station - Unit 4	652	14
Texas - J. K. Spruce Station - Unit 2	878	12
Texas - Oak Grove Plant - Unit 1	917	12
Texas - Oak Grove Plant - Unit 2	879	11
Texas - Sandy Creek Plant - Unit 1	1008	9
Virginia - Virginia City Hybrid Energy Center -	668	10
West Virginia - Longview Plant - Unit 1	808	11
Wisconsin - Elm Road Generating Station - Unit 1	701	12
Wisconsin - Elm Road Generating Station - Unit 2	701	11
Wisconsin - Weston Power Plant - Unit 4	595	14
Wyoming - Dry Fork Station - Unit 1	484	11
TOTAL ==>	18,717	11.8

BECCS by Drax will be one of the largest carbon removal projects in the U.S

It will permanently remove 2 million tons of carbon from the atmosphere while also generating 2 terawatt hours of 24/7 renewable power. And this is just the beginning. Drax is developing a pipeline of BECCS projects in the U.S. that will be available as early as 2025. BECCS is the most scalable and affordable carbon removal technology available and can be deployed quickly — playing a key role in achieving a clean energy grid by 2035. BECCS offers high-integrity, permanent carbon removals that can complement your business strategy to decarbonize directly and enable you to meet your net zero goals. Now is your chance. Capture the opportunity and go further, faster with BECCS by Drax.

Replacing Coal with a Non-Depleting Carbon Beneficial Solid Fuel is a **Pragmatic and Rational Component of a Decarbonization Strategy**

Thank you! - William Strauss <u>WilliamStrauss@FutureMetrics.com</u>



My dog Fezziwig helping at the local ski shop...